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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/051,459	01/22/2002	Hans Beer	2265/50685	6980	
23911	7590 11/10/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
CROWELL & MORING LLP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY GROUP			ALEXANDER, LYLE		
P.O. BOX 143			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20044-4300		1743		

DATE MAILED: 11/10/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			1	W.		
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/051,459	BEER ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Lyle A. Alexander	1743			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Au	ugust 2005.				
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
	on Papers	· .				
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	-				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		• •			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prioric application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received in the contraction (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment	• *	 .				
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beer et al.

See the appropriate paragraph of the 5/9/05 final rejection for the teachings of Beer et al. and Johnson.

These references are silent removing the filter dust from a partially dried feed stock.

The court decide In re Boesch (205 USPQ 215) that optimization of a result effective variable is ordinarily within the skill of the art. A result effective variable is one that has well known and predictable results. Removing contaminants prior to drying a feed stock or after dying the feed stock would have had the same expected result of removing the contaminant and order chosen would have been a result effective variable.

A partially dried product will have a greater density of the contaminants than a fully hydrated product promoting more efficient and effective to remove contaminants from a more concentrated product. Additionally, a smaller container would be required and less solvent/wash solutions would be required to remove the contaminants from a partially dried product.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Beer et al. and remove the filter dust from the product when partially dried as optimization of a result effective variable and to gain the above advantages.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 7/26/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicants remarks concerning Johnson were convincing and this rejection has been vacated.

Applicants' traversed the 35 USC 102 rejections of record on the basis the claims as presently amended require removal of filter dust from a partially dried feed stock.

The Office has addressed this issue in the new 35 USC 103 rejection over Beer et al.

A proper, timely and convincing 35 USC 1.132 Declaration showing that unexpected results are achieved by the instant invention over that of Beer et al. could be persuasive to overcome Beer et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lyle A. Alexander whose telephone number is 571-272-1254. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Lyle A Alexander Primary Examiner Art Unit 1743

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